

Revision: 01.07.2024

Printing date 01.07.2024 Version: 4.00 (replaces version 3.01)

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name: GLOXIL WW SL

UFI: TF00-Q07C-400Q-43HR

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Application of the substance / the mixture Matting paste for water-based coating systems

Industrial uses

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer/Supplier:

HOFFMANN MINERAL GmbH

Münchener Straße 75 D - 86633 Neuburg/Donau Tel.: +49 (8431) 53-0 www.hoffmann-mineral.com

Further information obtainable from: info@hoffmann-mineral.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number:

+49 (0) 84 31 53-0

(Not available outside office hours!)

Emergency CONTACT (24-Hour-Number):

GBK/Infotrac ID 91785 : (USA domestic) 1 800 535 5053 / international (001) 352 323 3500

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Eye Irrit. 2 H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

Skin Sens. 1 H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

The product is classified and labelled according to the GB CLP regulation.

Hazard pictograms



Signal word Warning

Hazard-determining components of labelling:

2-methylisothiazol-3(2H)-one 1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one

Hazard statements

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Precautionary statements

P280 Wear eye protection / face protection.
P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P333+P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

2.3 Other hazards

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT:

According to information provided in the supply chain, the mix contains less than 0.1% of any substances classified as PBT

(Contd. on page 2)



Revision: 01.07.2024

Printing date 01.07.2024 Version: 4.00 (replaces version 3.01)

(Contd. of page 1)

vPvB:

According to information provided in the supply chain, the mix contains less than 0.1% of any substances classified as vPvB.

Determination of endocrine-disrupting properties

The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to UK REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

Description:

Slurry of Silica (Amorphous Silica 10-20% / CAS: 7631-86-9 / EG: 231-545-4 / UK REACh: 01-2119379499-16-XXXX) with additives in water.

Dangerous components:		
CAS: 7631-86-9 EINECS: 231-545-4	Amorphous Silica Nanoform: amorphous nanoform, set including amorphous nanoforms, amorphous forms, non-surface-treated nanoforms	15-<20%
CAS: 577-11-7 EINECS: 209-406-4 Reg.nr.: 01-2119491296-29-xxxx	Sodium diisooctyl sulphosuccinate ♦ Eye Dam. 1, H318; ♦ Skin Irrit. 2, H315	1-<3%
CAS: 2682-20-4 EINECS: 220-239-6 Reg.nr.: 01-2120764690-50-xxxx	2-methylisothiazol-3(2H)-one Acute Tox. 3, H301; Acute Tox. 3, H311; Acute Tox. 2, H330; Skin Corr. 1B, H314; Eye Dam. 1, H318; Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=10); Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1); Skin Sens. 1A, H317, EUH071 Specific concentration limit: Skin Sens. 1A; H317: C ≥ 0.0015 %	>0.0015-<0.01%
CAS: 2634-33-5 EINECS: 220-120-9 Reg.nr.: 01-2120761540-60-xxxx	1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one Acute Tox. 2, H330; Eye Dam. 1, H318; Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1); Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1); Acute Tox. 4, H302; Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Specific concentration limit: Skin Sens. 1A; H317: C ≥ 0.036 %	>0.0015-<0.01%

Additional information: For the wording of the listed hazard phrases refer to section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General information: Immediately remove any clothing soiled by the product.

After inhalation: Supply fresh air; consult doctor in case of complaints.

After skin contact:

Wash the areas of skin affected with water and a mild detergent.

If symptoms persist consult doctor.

After eye contact: Rinse opened eye for several minutes under running water. Then consult a doctor.

After swallowing:

Rinse out mouth and then drink plenty of water.

If symptoms persist consult doctor.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

sensitization Allergic reactions Eye irritation

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment in accordance with the doctor's assessment of the patient's condition. Symptomatic treatment.

GB



Revision: 01.07.2024

Printing date 01.07.2024 Version: 4.00 (replaces version 3.01)

(Contd. of page 2)

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing agents: Use fire extinguishing methods suitable to surrounding conditions. **5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture** No further relevant information available.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Protective equipment:

The normal measures for firefighting are to be taken.

Do not enter the hazardous area without a self-contained breathing apparatus.

See Section 8 for information on personal protection equipment.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Ensure adequate ventilation For non-emergency personnel

The usual precautionary measures are to be adhered to when handling chemicals.

Avoid contact with the eyes and skin.

For emergency responders Wear protective equipment. Keep unprotected persons away.

6.2 Environmental precautions:

Do not allow to enter sewers/ surface or ground water.

Do not allow to penetrate the ground/soil.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

Ensure adequate ventilation.

Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomite, acid binders, universal binders, sawdust).

Pick up mechanically.

Send for recovery or disposal in suitable receptacles.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See Section 7 for information on safe handling.

See Section 8 for information on personal protection equipment.

See Section 13 for disposal information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling Ensure good ventilation/exhaustion at the workplace. **Information about fire - and explosion protection:** No special measures required.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage:

Requirements to be met by storerooms and receptacles:

Prevent any seepage into the ground.

No special requirements.

Information about storage in one common storage facility:

No special measures required.

Observe local/state/federal regulations.

Further information about storage conditions: Protect from frost.

7.3 Specific end use(s) No further relevant information available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Ingredients with limit values that require monitoring at the workplace:

The product does not contain any relevant quantities of materials with critical values that have to be monitored at the workplace.

DNELs	;	
CAS: 7	'631-86-9	Amorphous Silica
Inhalati	ive DNEL	4 mg/m³ (worker) (acute-local)
	DNEL	4 mg/m³ (worker) (long-local)
CAS: 5	77-11-7 S	odium diisooctyl sulphosuccinate
Oral	DNEL	17.86 mg/kg (vls)

(Contd. on page 4)



Revision: 01.07.2024

Printing date 01.07.2024 Version: 4.00 (replaces version 3.01)

(Contd. of page 3)

Dermal DNEL 267.86 mg/kg bw/day (wls)

DNEL 160.71 mg/kg (vls)

Inhalative DNEL 1,889.1 mg/m³ (wls)
DNEL 559.01 mg/m³ (vls)

PNECs

CAS: 577-11-7 Sodium diisooctyl sulphosuccinate

PNEC 12.2 mg/l (sewage plant)

0.18 mg/l (water (fresh water)) 0.018 mg/l (water (sea water))

PNEC 17.789 mg/kg (sediment (fresh water))

1.779 mg/kg (sediment (sea water))

1.04 mg/kg (soil)

Additional information: The lists valid during the making were used as basis.

8.2 Exposure controls

Suitable technical control devices

Ensure good ventilation. This can be achieved by localised extraction or general ventilation. If this is not sufficient to keep the concentration below the occupational exposure limit, suitable breathing protection is to be worn

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

General protective and hygienic measures:

The usual precautionary measures are to be adhered to when handling chemicals.

Keep away from foodstuffs, beverages and feed. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of work. Immediately remove all soiled and contaminated clothing

Avoid contact with the eyes and skin.

Respiratory protection: Not required in normal cases

Hand protection Protective gloves

Material of gloves Nitrile rubber. NBR

Recommended thickness of the material: ≥ 0.11 mm

[EN 374]

Penetration time of glove material

Value for the permeation: Level 6 (≥480min)

The determined penetration times according to EN 16523-1:2015 are not performed under practical conditions. Therefore a maximum wearing time, which corresponds to 50% of the penetration time, is recommended.

Eye/face protection

Safety glasses [EN 166]

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

General Information

Physical stateFluidColour:WhiteOdour:Specific typeMelting point/freezing point:Undetermined.

Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling

range >100 °C
Flammability Not applicable.

Lower and upper explosion limit

Lower:Not applicableUpper:Not applicableFlash point:Not applicableAuto-ignition temperature:Not determinedDecomposition temperature:Not determined

pH at 20 °C 6 - 7.5

(Contd. on page 5)



Printing date 01.07.2024 Version: 4.00 (replaces version 3.01) Revision: 01.07.2024

(Contd. of page 4)

Viscosity:

Kinematic viscosity at 40 °C

>20.5 mm²/s

Solubility

Fully miscible.

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value) Not determined.

23 hPa (CAS: 7732-18-5 water, distilled, conductivity Vapour pressure at 20 °C:

or of similar purity)

Density and/or relative density

Density at 20 °C: 1.05 - 1.15 q/cm³ Not determined. Vapour density

9.2 Other information

Appearance:

Form: Pasty Important information on protection of health and

environment, and on safety.

Ignition temperature: Product is not selfigniting.

Explosive properties: Product does not present an explosion hazard.

Change in condition

Evaporation rate Not determined.

Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Explosives Void Flammable gases Void Aerosols Void Oxidising gases Void Gases under pressure Void Flammable liquids Void Flammable solids Void Self-reactive substances and mixtures Void Pyrophoric liquids Void

Pyrophoric solids Void Self-heating substances and mixtures Void

Substances and mixtures, which emit flammable

gases in contact with water Void **Oxidising liquids** Void Oxidising solids Void Organic peroxides Void Corrosive to metals Void Desensitised explosives Void

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

- 10.1 Reactivity No dangerous reactions known.
- 10.2 Chemical stability Stable under normal conditions.
- **10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions** No dangerous reactions known.
- 10.4 Conditions to avoid See Section 7 for information on safe handling.
- 10.5 Incompatible materials: strong oxidizing agents
- 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products: No dangerous decomposition products known.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

LD/LC50 values relevant for classification:

CAS: 7631-86-9 Amorphous Silica

Oral LD50 >5,000 mg/kg (rat) (OECD 401)

LD50 >6,000 mg/kg (rabbit) Dermal

Inhalative LC0/4h >140->2,000 mg/l (rat) (OECD 403)

(Contd. on page 6)



Revision: 01.07.2024

Printing date 01.07.2024 Version: 4.00 (replaces version 3.01)

(Contd. of page 5)

CAS: 577-11-7 Sodium diisooctyl sulphosuccinate

Oral LD50 >2,100 mg/kg (rat)

Dermal LD50 >10,000 mg/kg (rat)

Skin corrosion/irritation Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Serious eye damage/irritation Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Germ cell mutagenicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT-single exposure Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT-repeated exposure Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration hazard Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Additional toxicological information:

Repeated dose toxicity

CAS: 7631-86-9 Amorphous Silica

Oral NOAEL 9,000 mg/kg (rat) (90d / OECD 408)
Inhalative NOAEC 1 mg/m³ (rat) (90d / OECD 413)

Values relevant for classification:

CAS: 7631-86-9 Amorphous Silica

Oral NOAEL 1,350 mg/kg/day (rat) (OECD 414)

AMES test >5 mg/plate (in-vitro) (OECD 471)

11.2 Information on other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties

According to the current state of scientific knowledge, there is no data for the product regarding endocrine disrupting properties with health effects.

None of the ingredients is listed.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity There are no ecotoxicological data available on this mixture.

Aquatic tox	icity:
	36-9 Amorphous Silica
LC50 / 96h	10,000 mg/l (Danio rerio) (OECD 203)
EC50 / 24h	>1,000 mg/l (Daphnia magna) (OECD 202)
EC50 / 72h	>10,000 mg/l (Scenedesmus subspicatus) (OECD 201)
CAS: 577-11	1-7 Sodium diisooctyl sulphosuccinate
LC50 / 96h	49 mg/l (Danio rerio)
EC50 / 48h	15.2 mg/l (Daphnia magna)
EC50 / 72h	82.5 mg/l (algae)
CAS: 2682-2	20-4 2-methylisothiazol-3(2H)-one
EC 20 / 3h	2.8 mg/l (activated sludge) (DIN 38412-3 (TTC-Test))
EC50/3h	34.6 mg/l (activated sludge) (DIN 38412-3 (TTC-Test))
	33-5 1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one
NOEL 21 d	1.2 mg/l (daphnia) (OECD 211)
LC50/4d	2.2 mg/l (Regenbogenforelle) (OECD 203)
EC 20 / 3h	3.3 mg/l (KS)
EC50/3h	13 mg/l (KS)
NOEC / 28d	0.21 mg/l (Regenbogenforelle) (OECD 215)
EC10 / 72 h	0.04 mg/l (Selenastrum capricornutum) (OECD 201)

(Contd. on page 7)



Printing date 01.07.2024 Version: 4.00 (replaces version 3.01) Revision: 01.07.2024

(Contd. of page 6)

EC50 / 2 d 3.27 mg/l (daphnia) (OECD 202)

EC50 / 3 d 0.11 mg/l (Selenastrum capricornutum) (OECD 201)

12.2 Persistence and degradability No further relevant information available.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

CAS: 2682-20-4 2-methylisothiazol-3(2H)-one

BCF 3.16 log Kow ≤0.32

CAS: 2634-33-5 1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one

BCF 6.95 (fish) (OECD 305)

log Kow 0.7 (octan-1-ol/water (OECD 117))

12.4 Mobility in soil No further relevant information available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PRT

According to information provided in the supply chain, the mix conatins less than 0.1% of any substances classified as PBT

vPvB:

According to information provided in the supply chain, the mix conatins less than 0.1% of any substances classified as vPvB

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

According to the current state of scientific knowledge, there is no data for the product regarding endocrine disrupting properties with effects on the environment.

12.7 Other adverse effects

Additional ecological information:

General notes: The product may not be released into the environment without control.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Waste classified as hazardous according to Annex III to Directive 2008/98/EC.

Recommendation Waste must be disposed of while observing the local, official regulations.

Waste disposal key:

For this product no waste code are defined according to the European Waste Catalogue, as the intended use by the user enables an allocation.

The waste code must be defined in agreement with the regional waste disposers.

Uncleaned packaging:

Recommendation:

Disposal must be made according to official regulations.

Packagings that may not be cleansed are to be disposed of in the same manner as the product.

SECTION 14: Transport information	
14.1 UN number or ID number ADR/RID/ADN, IMDG, IATA	Void
14.2 UN proper shipping name ADR/RID/ADN, IMDG, IATA	Void
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	
ADR/RID/ADN, ADN, IMDG, IATA Class	Void
14.4 Packing group ADR/RID/ADN, IMDG, IATA	Void
14.5 Environmental hazards:	Not applicable.
14.6 Special precautions for user	Not applicable.
14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments	Not applicable.

(Contd. on page 8)



Printing date 01.07.2024 Version: 4.00 (replaces version 3.01) Revision: 01.07.2024

(Contd. of page 7)

UN "Model Regulation":

Void

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture International substance lists/inventories:

All Substances are either listed in or exempt from each of the following substance lists/inventories:

- UK REACH (European Union)

- IECSC (China) - ENCS/CSCL (Japan) - TSCA (USA) - AICS (Australia) - DSL/NDSL (Canada)

- KECI (Republic of Korea)
- NZIOC (New Zealand)
- PICCS (Philippines)
- TCSCA/TCSI (Taiwan)

European Directives:

Directive 2010/75/EU (VOC) not subject to

Catégorie SEVESO (DIRECTIVE 2012/18/EU) not subject to

REGULATION (EU) 2019/1148

Annex I - RESTRICTED EXPLOSIVES PRECURSORS (Upper limit value for the purpose of licensing under Article 5(3))

None of the ingredients is listed.

Annex II - REPORTABLE EXPLOSIVES PRECURSORS

None of the ingredients is listed.

National regulations:

Information about limitation of use:

Employment restrictions concerning pregnant and lactating women must be observed.

Employment restrictions concerning juveniles must be observed.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment: A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

This information is based on our present knowledge. However, this shall not constitute a guarantee for any specific product features and shall not establish a legally valid contractual relationship.

Relevant phrases

H301 Toxic if swallowed.

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H311 Toxic in contact with skin.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H330 Fatal if inhaled.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

EUH071 Corrosive to the respiratory tract.

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Serious eye damage/irritation The classification of the mixture is generally based on the calculation method skin sensitisation using substance data according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

Date of previous version: 22.06.2023 Version number of previous version: 3.01

Abbreviations and acronyms:

NOEL = No Observed Effect Level
NOEC = No Observed Effect Concentration
LC = letal Concentration
EC50 = half maximal effective concentration
log POW = Octanol / water partition coefficient

(Contd. on page 9)



Revision: 01.07.2024

Printing date 01.07.2024 Version: 4.00 (replaces version 3.01)

(Contd. of page 8)

GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

ATE: acute toxicity estimate
ADR: Accord relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par route (European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)

IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods

IATA: International Air Transport Association EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society)

DNEL: Derived No-Effect Level (UK REACH)

PNEC: Predicted No-Effect Concentration (UK REACH) LC50: Lethal concentration, 50 percent

LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent

IOELV = indicative occupational exposure limit values

Acute Tox. 3: Acute toxicity – Category 3 Acute Tox. 4: Acute toxicity – Category 4 Acute Tox. 2: Acute toxicity – Category 2

Skin Corr. 1B: Skin corrosion/irritation - Category 1B Skin Corr. 18. Skin corrosion/irritation — Category 18
Skin Irrit. 2: Skin corrosion/irritation — Category 2
Eye Dam. 1: Serious eye damage/eye irritation — Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2: Serious eye damage/eye irritation — Category 2
Skin Sens. 1: Skin sensitisation — Category 1

Skin Sens. 1A: Skin sensitisation - Category 1A

Aquatic Acute 1: Hazardous to the aquatic environment - acute aquatic hazard – Category 1 Aquatic Chronic 1: Hazardous to the aquatic environment - long-term aquatic hazard – Category 1

^{*} Data compared to the previous version altered.